

Welbourn C of E Primary School

'Believe, Excite, Succeed, Together'

French Long Term Plan Cycle A Amethyst Class 2024-2025

LSK2 Year 3/4	Autumn I	Autumn 2	Spring I	Spring 2	Summer I	Summer 2
Topic	Getting to	All About Me	Food	Family and	Our School	Time
	Know You		Glorious	Friends		
			Food			
Key Knowledge	To know how to	To know how to	To know how to	To know how to	To know how to	To know and
	say hello for	listen and	follow a familiar	present a picture	ask and explain	repeat sounds
	different times of	respond to	story in French.	of family	where things are	and words with
	the day.	instructions		members using	ir the	increasing
		given in French.	To know how to	possessive	classroom.	accuracy.
	To know how to		use determiners	adjectives.		_
	use formal and	To know and	for identifying	-	To know how to	To know how to
	informal	say parts of the	quantities in	To broaden their	speak in	make links
	language	body in French.	making polite	vocabulary and	sentences, using	between known
	appropriately.		requests.	develop their	familiar	and new
		To know how		ability to	vocabulary,	vocabulary
	To know how to	respond to	To know how to	understand new	phrases and	using sound and
	ask another	action words.	use the definite	words that are	basic language	spelling.
	person their		article when	introduced into	structures in the	
	rame.	To know how to	generalising.	familiar written	context of	To know,
		listen to and		material,	subjects studied	recognise, say
	To know how to	сору	To know how to	including	at school.	and respond to
	say goodbye in	pronunciation of	give a preference	through using a		a set of
	a variety of	colour words	for or against	dictionary;	To show	vocabulary.
	ways.	accurately.	things.	explore the	understanding	
		-	-	patterns and	by joining in	To know how to
	To know how to	To know how to	To know how to	sounds of	and responding	speak in
	say the numbers	listen to and	describe people,	language	in the context of	sentences, using
	0-10 in French.	сору	places, things	through songs	giving and	familiar

		pronunciation of	and actions	and rhymes and	following	vocabulary,
	To know how to	colour words	orally and in	link the spelling,	classroom	phrases and
	ask how old	accurately.	writing in the	sound and	instructions.	basic language
	someone is.	5	context of	meaning of		structures; in the
		To know how to	describing food	words; conjugate	To know how to	context of
	To know how to	ask and answer	by colour.	high-frequency	ask and answer	birthday dates.
	say ny owr age	what is 'there'.	5	verbs in the	questions about	5
	in French.		To know how to	context of pets.	places in school.	To know how to
		To know how to	describe the	5 1	,	present ideas
		use simple	colour(s) of an	To know how to		and information
		conjunctions to	object by	make links		orally to a
		link vocabulary	modifying	between known		range of
		for clothes and	adjectives.	and new		audiences; in the
		accessories.		structures.		context of
			To know how to			talking about
			describe people,	To know how to		festivals.
			places, things	use French		
			and actions	pronunciation of		
			orally and in	the alphabet to		
			writing in the	spell words.		
			context of			
			describing	To speak in		
			objects by size.	sentences, using		
				familiar		
				vocabulary,		
				phrases and		
				basic language		
				structures;		
				develop accurate		
				pronunciation		
				and intonation.		_
Key Skills	To introduce	Listen attentively	Appreciate	Present ideas	Listen attentively	To recognise
	myself to	to spoken	stories, songs,	and information	to spoken	and repeat
	someone else.	language and	poems and	orally to a	language and	sounds and
		show	rhymes in the	range of	show	words with
		understanding	language in the	audiences in the	understanding	increasing
			context of food.		by joining in	accuracy.

To use "comment	by joining in		context of	and responding	
ca va?" as a	and responding	Understand key	family.	in the context of	To make links
question.	in the	features and	ji	naming objects	between known
	context of giving	patterns of basic	To develop	around the	and rew
To use gestures	and following	grammar in the	strategies for	classroom.	vocabulary
to support my	classroom	context of	remembering new		using sound and
conversation.	instructions.	requesting	larguage.	To describe the	spelling.
		something to eat.	Jan	contents of my	
To choose the	To read, listen	5	To match subject	pencil case.	Listen attentively
appropriate	and respond to	Understand key	and verb	1	to spoken
phrase to say	vocabulary.	features and	correctly when	Write phrases	language and
how I feel.	5	patterns of basic	talking about	from memory,	show
	To demonstrate	grammar in the	pets.	and adapt these	understanding
To join in with	my	context of	•	to create new	by joining in
number rhymes.	understanding	stating	To recognise and	sentences, to	and responding;
	with actions.	preferences about	repeat sounds	express ideas	in the context of
To use number		food.	and words with	clearly in the	the days of the
words in my	Read carefully		increasing	context of	week.
sentences.	and show	To describe the	accuracy.	describing the	
	understanding of	colour(s) of an		contents of a	Read carefully
	words, phrases	object by	To use songs	pencil case.	and show
	and simple	modifying	or rhymes to		understanding of
	writing;	adjectives.	help me remember	To express	words, phrases
	appreciate		new language.	opinions about	and simple
	stories, songs,	To begin to place		school subjects.	writing; in the
	poems and	adjectives	To use a range		context of
	rhymes in the	appropriately	of vocabulary to	To listen to	months of the
	language in the	before or after	create different	commands and	year.
	context of	the rour they	sentences.	follow	
	naming body	modify.	_	instructions.	To speak in
	parts.	_	To make new	_	sentences using
		To begin to	sentences about	To construct	krowr
	To develop	understand that	homes by	simple sentences	vocabulary and
	accurate	adjective spelling	substituting	to say what I	grammar.
	pronunciation	depends on	different	like to do at	
	and intonation	rumber and	vocabulary.	school.	To use known
	so that others	gender.			language to

		understand when				present
		they are reading	To use a range			information
		aloud or using	of grammar			about French
		familiar words	structures to			festival dates.
		and phrases in	practise a set of			5
		the context of	rocabulary			To begin to
		naming colours.	groups.			conjugate the
		J J	5 1			verb'to be' for
		To recognise	To engage in			past and future
		masculine and	conversations;			tense.
		feminine clothing	ask and answer			
		rours.	questions;			
		To have a	express opinions			
		simple	and respond to			
		conversation	those of others;			
		about clothes.	seek clarification			
			and help in the			
			context of			
			preparing, eating			
			and talking			
			about food.			
			To use a range			
			of grammar			
			structures to			
			practise a set of			
			vocabulary			
			groups.			
Key	Bonjour (hello)	Asseyez-vous	Je voudrais [I	Voici [Here/This	Le français (m)	Onze, douze,
Vocabulary	Bonsoir (good	[sit down],	would like], du	is or Here/These	[French],	treize, quatorze,
5	evening)	levez-vous	(m) [some], de	are], qui est-ce?	l'anglais (m)	quinze, seize [11-
	Borne ruit	[stand up],	la (f) [some],	[Who's this?],	[English], les	[6], vingt, trente
	(good right)	rangez vos	des (pl) [some],	moi [me], ma	sciences (f. pl.)	[20, 30], vingt-
	Salut (hi)	chaises [put	s'il vous plaît	(f)/mon (m)/mes	[science], les	et-un, trente-et-
	Je m'appelle (my	your chairs	[please], voilà	(pl) [my], frère	maths (f. pl.)	un [21/ 31] fois
	rame is)	under], taisez-	[here you are],	[brother], sœur	[maths], la	[times], divisé
		vous [be quiet],	merci [thank	[sister], mère	musique (f)	par [divide

Comment	écoutez [listen],	you]. Ure pomme	[mother], père	[music],	by], C'est
ť.appelles-tu		(f) [one apple],	[father], parents	l'éducation	combien? [How
(What is yo	J	deux poires (f)	[parents],	physique (f)	many is that?],
name?)	[come to the	[two pears],	grand-mère	[physical	Ça fait combien?
Monsieur (M	r) carpet], répétez	trois prunes (f)	[grandmother],	education],	[How many
Madame (Mr.	s) [repeat],	[three plums],	grandpère	l'histoire (f)	does that make?]
Mademoisel	e regardez-moi	quatre fraises (f)	[grandfather],	[history], la	lundi [Monday],
(Miss)	[look at me],	[four	tante [aunt],	géographie (f)	mardi
(Comment) i	a allez-y [off you	strawberries],	oncle [uncle],	[geography],	[Tuesday],
va? (how a	re go], rangez vos	cinq oranges (f)	cousir (m) /	l'informatique (f)	mercredi
you doing?) affaires [tidy	[five oranges],	cousine (f)	[ICT], le dessin	[Wedresday],
Bien (good/fi	re) your things].	du gâteau (m)	[cousin], nièce	(m) [art],	jeudi
Trés bien (ve	ry Voici [this is],	[some cake], une	[niece], neveu	aimes-tu ? [do	[Thursday],
well)	mon corps [my	glace (f) [one ice	[rephew], famille	you like?],	verdredi
Comme ci,	body], la tête	cream], un	[family].	j'aime (f) [I	[Friday], samedi
comme ça (r	ot [head], les	cornichon (m)	Chat (m) [cat],	like], je n'aime	[Saturday],
bad/ok)	épaules	[one gherkin],	chien (m) [dog],	pas [I don't	dimanche
	[shoulders], les	un morceau de	lapin (m)	like], oui	[Sunday], la
	genoux [knees],	fromage (m) [a	[rabbit], souris	[yes], non [no].	semaine (f)
	les pieds [feet],	piece of cheese],	(f) [mouse],	Voici [here is],	[week], C'est
	les yeux [eyes],	du saucisson	oiseau (m)	la salle de	quel jour ?
	les oreilles	(m) [some	[bird], poisson	classe (f)	[What day is
	[ears], la	salami], une	(m) [fish],	[classroom], la	it?]
	bouche [mouth],	sucette (f) [one	serpent (m)	porte (f) [door],	
	le nez [nose],	lollipop], de la	[snake], hamster	la fenêtre (f)	
	oui [yes], nor	tarte aux cerises	(m) [hamster],	[window], la	
	[no].	(f) [slice of	tortue (f)	chaise (f)	
	Les mains	cherry pie], une	[tortoise],	[chair], la table	
	[hands], les	saucisse (f) [one	cochon d'Inde	(f) [table],	
	pieds [feet], les	sausage], ure	(m) [guinea pig],	l'ordinateur (m)	
	bras [arms],	brioche (f) [one	animal (m) [pet],	[.computer], le	
	tapez	small brioche	Je n'ai pas	livre (m) [book],	
	[clap/stamp],	bun], de la	d'animal [I	les lumières (f)	
	croisez [cross/	pastèque (f)	haven't got a	[lights], Où est	
	fold], marchez	[some	pet], As-tu?	? [Where is?], il	
	[walk/step],	watermelon].	[Have you	(m)/ elle (f) est	
	levez [raise],	Grand(e)		là [il's there],	

-	_ • -			
touchez [touch],	[large/big],	got?], j'ai [I've	Où sont ?	
courez [run],	petit(e) [small].	.got]	[Where are?], ils	
sautez [jump],	Ouvrez [open],	Elle [she], il	(m. pl.)/elles (f.	
posez [put	coupez [cut],	[he], s'appelle [is	pl.) sont là	
down], prenez	lavez [wash],	called]	[they're there].	
[pick up/take].	séchez [dry],		Le/un crayon	
C'est de quelle	eau (f) [water],		(m) [pencil],	
couleur? [What	savon (m)		le/un stylo (m)	
colour is it?],	[soap], mousse		[pen], le/ un	
bleu [blue],	(f) [foam],		crayon de	
blanc [white],	serviette (f)		couleur (m)	
rouge [red],	[towel/napkin].		[coloured	
noir [black],			pencil], le/un	
jaune [yellow],			taille-crayor (m)	
vert [green],			[pencil	
gris [grey],			sharpener],	
orange [orange],			la/une trousse	
rose [pink],			(f) [pencil case],	
violet [purple],			la/une gomme	
marron [chestnut			(f) [rubber],	
brown], C'est			la/une règle (f)	
[Iťs]. une jupe			[ruler], J'ai	
[skirt], un			un/une dans	
pantalon			ma trousse [I	
[trousers], ur			have ir my	
tee-shirt[t-shirt],			pencil case].	
ure chemise				
[shirt/blouse],				
un pull [jumper],				
un sweat				
[sweatshirt], des				
chaussures (f)				
[shoes], un				
short [shorts],				
des chaussettes				
(f) [socks], une				
robe [dress], un				

	maillot de corps
	[vest], ur slip
	[pants], Qu'est-
	ce qu'il y a dans
	L'armoire?
	[What's in the
	wardrobe?], Il y
	a [There
	is/are]. Des
	garts (m)
	[gloves], une
	écharpe [scarf],
	un manteau
	[coat], un
	chapeau [hat],
	ur imperméable
	[waterproof
	jacket], des
	lunettes (f)
	[glasses], une
	ceinture [belt],
	des bottes (f)
	[boots], une
	montre [watch],
	Qu'est-ce que tu
	portes? [What
	are you
	wearing?], Je
	porte [l'm
	wearing], et
	[and].
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